In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior, application.

Claims 1-23

(withdrawn) Process for the preparation of a water-Claim 24 pharmaceutical formulation in solid or liquid form acconclaims 1 to 23 or a new product according to claims 30 to 37 and organic solvent-free true aqueous solutions characterized by preparit true aqueous solutions by way of

> dissolving the therapeutically-active compound having low aqueous solubility (<1.10-4 M/Lit, <1.10-5 M/Lit, <1.10-6 M/Lit) and a substantial binding affinity to plasma proteins ('active substance") in a water-miscible, pharmaceutically acceptable organic solvent,

is, of claims in the

- combining said solution with the aqueous solution of the plasma protein fraction in controlled aggregation state
- and optionally with a further pharmaceutically acceptable watersoluble auxiliary additive - such as a protein aggregation controller and/or a stabilizer -

whereby a true solution is obtained containing the said active substance and

- the said protein fraction bound together by way of non-covalent bonds; removing the organic solvent and optionally the water preferably by ultrafiltering, dialysing, diafiltrating and/or lyophilising the solution or its concentrate or by combination of these treatments whereby a homogeneous, water-soluble liquid or solid pharmaceutical product is obtained containing the active substance interlinked with the plasma protein fraction;
- optionally dissolving the solid product in water or diluting the liquid product with water whereby a clear, true aqueous solution, free of any organic solvent is obtained which is suitable for therapeutical administration and
- optionally finishing this product into apparenteral formulation (dosage form) for direct use.

Claim 25 (withdrawn) Process for the preparation of a water-soluble product or pharmaceutical formulation in solid of liquid form according to any of claims 1 to 23 or a new product according to claims 30 to 37 and their organic solvent-free true aqueous solutions characterized by

- dissolving the L. pharmaceutically acceptable
- plasma protein fraction in controlle
- said solution containing optionaund in a water-miscible, ible auxiliary additive acceptable auxiliary additive - such as a pro- of the selected and/or a stabilizer whereby a true solution is obtained containing the significantly the said protein fraction bound together by way of non-Ptroller
- removing the organic solvent and lyophilising the swance and concentrate.
- Claim 26 (withdrawn) A process according to step a) of any of claims 23 to 25 characterized by using to dissolve the active substance a solvent having the following properties:
 - it is capable to dompletely dissolve the active substance in its mixture with water and
 - its mixture with \$50% of water does not denaturalize the protein employed.
- Claim 27 (withdrawn) A process according to claim 26 characterized by using as the solvent any of the group consisting of an aliphatic C(2-4) monoalcohol or polyalcohol, 70 - 100% ethanol, dimethyl formamide, methyl formamide.
- Claim 28 (withdrawn) A process according to step a) of claim 23 to 27 characterized by using as protein aggregation controller or stabilizer and/or solution stabilizing auxiliary additive any of the following agents: water, sodium chloride, a buffer, a poly- alcohol such as glycerol and/or a water-soluble sugar derivative preferably mannitol, sorbitol and/or dulcitol.
- Claim 29 (withdrawn) A process according to step a) of any of claims 23 to 28 characterized by using paclitaxel and a component of the natural plasma such as serum albumin, an immunoglubulin, glycoprotein, interferon and/or interleukin or a recombinant of the same.

Claims 30-90 (canceled)

Claim 91 (withdrawn) A method of treating a human or veterinary patient in need thereof with the pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising the

step of administering an effective amount of said pharmaceutical

composition to the patient.

Claim 92 (withdrawn) The method of treatment according to claim 91 wherein the following effective amounts are administered (calculated on the therapeutically-active compound): paclitaxel and albumin 70-280 mg per treatment; propofol and albumin 6-10 mg per kG per hour; camptothecin and albumin, gemfibrozil and albumin, cyclosporin A and albumin 3-5 mg per kG per day; amphotericin B and albumin up to 1.5 mg per kG per day.

Claims 93-95 (canceled)

Claims 96-140 (not entered) concelled

Claim JAT (New) A pharmaceutical composition for parenteral use, comprising:

- a) a therapeutically-active compound having
 - i) an aqueous solubility of less than about 1x10⁻⁴ molar; and
 - a substantial binding affinity to plasma proteins wherein greater than about 90% of the therapeutically-active compound is protein bound in spontaneous equilibrium at room temperature; and
- a plasma protein in controlled aggregation state selected from the group consisting of serum albumin and gamma globulin,
 wherein greater than about 98% of the therapeutically-active compound is

non-covalently bound to the plasma protein in a water-soluble product.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is a water-soluble solid product.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is a lyophilized product.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1/1/1 where

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is an aqueous solution.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the plasma protein is a human plasma protein.

Appl. No. 09/299,562 Amdt. Dated September 8, 2003 Reply to Office Action of April 8, 2003 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the plasma protein is an animal plasma protein. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the plasma protein is a recombinant plasma protein. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 1,41, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is present in a mole/mole ratio to the plasma protein within the range of 1:0.05 to 1:100. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is present in a m within the range of 1:0.1 to 1:50.

| Claim 150 | (New) The pharmaceutical compound is present in a m within the range of 1:0.1 to 1:50. active compound is present in a mole/mole ratio to the plasma protein (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is PACLITAXEL® and the plasma protein is human serum albumin. Claim 151 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 150, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is 1 mg/ml PACLITAXEL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 20% aqueous solution of human serum albumin. 52W Claim 1,82 V6/04 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 180, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 2 mg/ml PACLITAXEL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 4.44% aqueous solution of human serum albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is PACLITAXEL® and the plasma protein is recombinant human serum albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 153, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is 2.0 mg/ml PACLITAXEL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 4.44% aqueous solution of recombinant

human serum albumin.

Amdt. Dated September 8, 2003 Reply to Office Action of April 8, 2003 Claim 158 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive drug solution is PACLITAXEL® and the plasma protein is human S LVJ Claim 156 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 155, wherein the therapeuticallyactive drug solution is 0.1 mg/ml PACLITAXEL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 2.25% aqueous solution of human gamma globulin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the the rapeutically-active compound is AMPHOTERICIN $B^{\scriptsize{\textcircled{\tiny 0}}}$ and the plasma 5404 Claim 158 protein is human serum albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 157, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 4.0 mg/ml AMPHOTERICIN B® in dimethyl formamide and the plasma protein is 0.8% aqueous solution of human q serum albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is AMPHOTERICIN B® and the plasma protein is recombinant human serum albumin.
(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 189, wherein the therapeutically-52 W Claim 180 active compound is 40.0 mg/ml AMPHOTERICIN B® in dimethyl formamide and hydrochloric acid and the plasma protein is 0.8% aqueous SLW Claim 101 solution of recombinant human serum albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 11, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is camptothecin and the plasma protein is human serum 51V Claim 162 albumin. (New) The pharmaceutical composition of \mathbb{Z}_{0}^{N} , wherein the therapeuticallyacuve compound is 0.14 mg/ml camptothecin in absolute ethanol a plasma protein is 0.4% aqueous solution of human serum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition (1977) active compound is 0.14 mg/ml camptothecin in absolute ethanol and the (New) The pharmaceutical composition of the wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is camptothecin and the plasma protein is recombinant

Appl. No. 09/299,562

human serum albumin.

Appl. No. 09/299,562 Amdt. Dated September 8, 2003 Reply to Office Action of April 8, 2003 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 163, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 0.14 mg/ml camptothecin in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 0.4% aqueous solution of recombinant human serum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeutically-Claim 16825 active compound is CARBAMAZEPIN® and the plasma protein is human Claim 166 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 165, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is \$0 and 165. active compound is 8.0 mg/ml CARBAMAZEPIN® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 4.0% aqueous solution of human scrum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of the therapeuticallyactive compound is contained. active compound is cyclosporine A and the plasma protein is human serum SLW Claim 168 (New) Th (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 167, wherein the therapeuticallyplasma protein is 4.0% aqueous solution of human serum albumin.

Claim 169 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of human serum albumin. active compound is 1.0 mg/ml cyclosporine A in absolute ethanol and the (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is cyclosporine A and the plasma protein is recombinant SLW Claim 176 human serum albumin. New) The pharmaceutical composition of 169, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 1.0 mg/ml cyclosporine A in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 2.0% aqueous solution of recombinant human serum albumin. SLW Claim 1/1 (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 41, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is cyclosporine A and the plasma protein is human gamma 5 LW Claim 172 (New) Th (New) The pharmaceutical composition of 1, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 1.0 mg/ml cyclosporine A in absolute ethanol and the

plasma protein is 2.25% aqueous solution of human gamma globulin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is PROPOFOL® and the plasma protein is human serum

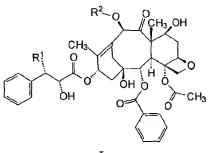
(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 173, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 2.0 mg/ml PROPOFOL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 0.4% aqueous solution of human serum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 141, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is PROPOFOL® and the plasma protein is recombinant

human serum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of 35, wherein the therapeuticallyactive compound is 2.0 mg/ml PROPOFOL® in absolute ethanol and the plasma protein is 0.4% aqueous solution of recombinant human serum albumin.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the therapeutically-active compound is a taxonoid of the general formula I



wherein R₁ represents tert. butyl-oxy-carboxylic acid amide or benzoyl amide, and R2 represents hydrogen or an acyl group. 22

(New) The pharmaceutical formulation of claim 177, wherein the acyl group is an acetyl group.

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the pharmaceutical formulation is an organic solvent-free aqueous solution.

Claim 180

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is an injectable form suitable for parenteral administration.

Claim 1814

(New) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 141, prepared by the process comprising the steps of:

- a) dissolving a therapeutically-active compound in a water-miscible, pharmaceutically acceptable organic solvent;
- b) dissolving a plasma protein in an aqueous solution;
- c) adding the organic solvent in step a) to the aqueous solution in step b);
- d) removing the organic solvent.